

Java Connector Server

Java Remote Connector Server is using the same kind of connectors that midPoint itself is using. The Java Remote Connector Server is used in situations where a connector needs a local access to some resource to be able to work with it. It is usually used for connectors that require local access to files such as [CSVFile Connector \(legacy\)](#). This avoids the need to copy the file using FTP or a similar mechanism which is difficult to do right and it is quite error-prone (e.g. problems with partially downloaded files, error handling, atomicity, etc.) Java Remote Connector Server is also used in situations that require firewall traversal or securing insecure communication protocol.

Requirements

- Java SE 6 or later

Download

Version	Download	Sources	Note
1.4.2.12	ZIP	https://github.com/Evolveum/ConnId/tree/connid-1.4.2.12	
1.4.0.49	ZIP	https://github.com/Evolveum/ConnId/tree/connid-1.4.0.49	
1.1.1.0	ZIP	OpenICF 1.1.1.0 tag	obsolete version, probably won't work with current midPoint

You may also download from the [OpenICF download page](#).

Installation

1. Download and unzip the binary distribution (or clone git repo with sources and build your own with `mvn clean install` command)
2. In the installation folder (that contains `bin`, `conf`, and `lib` directories) create a directory for connector bundles, named `bundles`. In the following text, we assume `/opt/connid-connector-server` directory for Linux.
3. Copy connectors you need into `bundles` directory (e.g. `connector-csvfile-1.4.0.49.jar` for [CSV connector](#))
4. Set the secret key by invoking the command:
 - a. (on Windows): `bin\ConnectorServer.bat /setkey <your secret key here>`
 - b. (on Linux):
`java -cp "lib/framework/connector-framework.jar:lib/framework/connector-framework-internal.jar:lib/framework/groovy-all.jar" org.identityconnectors.framework.server.Main -setKey -key <your secret key here> -properties conf/ConnectorServer.properties`
5. Fix the logging configuration:
 - a. replace the line `connectorserver.loggerClass=org.identityconnectors.common.logging.slf4j.Slf4jLog` in `conf/ConnectorServer.properties` file with `connectorserver.loggerClass=org.identityconnectors.common.logging.impl.JDKLogger`
 - b. add `-Djava.util.logging.config.file=conf/logging.properties` to your startup parameters to actually use logging
 - c. update the `conf/logging.properties` to log to file in `logs` directory:

```
handlers=java.util.logging.FileHandler
##handlers=java.util.logging.ConsoleHandler
java.util.logging.ConsoleHandler.formatter = java.util.logging.SimpleFormatter
java.util.logging.FileHandler.pattern = logs/connectorserver%u.log
java.util.logging.FileHandler.limit = 102400
java.util.logging.FileHandler.count = 1
java.util.logging.FileHandler.formatter = java.util.logging.SimpleFormatter
java.util.logging.FileHandler.append = true
.level=INFO
```

6. Run the connector server e.g. by invoking the command:
 - a. (on Windows): `bin\ConnectorServer.bat /run`
 - b. (on Linux): `java -cp "lib/framework/connector-framework.jar:lib/framework/connector-framework-internal.jar:lib/framework/groovy-all.jar" org.identityconnectors.framework.server.Main -run -properties conf/ConnectorServer.properties`

Connector Server will run on foreground/console. CTRL+C will stop it.

Automatic Server Startup

Systemd

Create user/group for running the service (e.g. `connid`, `connid`). This user must have access to the connector server files.

Create systemd service file `/etc/systemd/system/java-connector-server.service` (as root) - inspiration from <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/21503883/spring-boot-application-as-a-service/22121547#22121547>:

```
[Unit]
Description=Java Connector Server Service
[Service]
User=connid
WorkingDirectory=/opt/connid-connector-server
ExecStart=/usr/bin/java -Xmx256m -cp "lib/framework/connector-framework.jar:lib/framework/connector-framework-internal.jar:lib/framework/groovy-all.jar" org.identityconnectors.framework.server.Main -run -properties conf/ConnectorServer.properties
SuccessExitStatus=143
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

Issue the following commands (as root):

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl enable java-connector-server
```

You can start/stop the service using:

```
systemctl start java-connector-server
systemctl stop java-connector-server
```

SysV Init

Create start script to be run by startup script */opt/connid-connector-server/start*.

```
#!/bin/bash
MAIN_DIR=/opt/connid-connector-server
cd $MAIN_DIR
exec java -Djava.util.logging.config.file=conf/logging.properties -cp "lib/framework/connector-framework.jar:lib/framework/connector-framework-internal.jar:lib/framework/groovy-all.jar" org.identityconnectors.framework.server.Main -run -properties conf/ConnectorServer.properties
```

Set file permissions:

```
chmod 755 /opt/connid-connector-server/start
```

Create startup script */etc/init.d/connid-connector-server* - inspiration from: <https://orrsella.com/2014/11/06/initd-and-start-scripts-for-scala-java-server-apps/>

```

#!/bin/bash
START_SCRIPT=/opt/connid-connector-server/start
PID_FILE=/var/run/connid-connector-server.pid
DAEMON=$START_SCRIPT
start() {
    PID=`$DAEMON $ARGS > /dev/null 2>&1 & echo $!`
}
case "$1" in
start)
    if [ -f $PID_FILE ]; then
        PID=`cat $PID_FILE`
        if [ -z "`ps axf | grep -w ${PID} | grep -v grep`" ]; then
            start
        else
            echo "Already running [$PID]"
            exit 0
        fi
    else
        start
    fi
    if [ -z $PID ]; then
        echo "Failed starting"
        exit 3
    else
        echo $PID > $PID_FILE
        echo "Started [$PID]"
        exit 0
    fi
;;
status)
    if [ -f $PID_FILE ]; then
        PID=`cat $PID_FILE`
        if [ -z "`ps axf | grep -w ${PID} | grep -v grep`" ]; then
            echo "Not running (process dead but pidfile exists)"
            exit 1
        else
            echo "Running [$PID]"
            exit 0
        fi
    else
        echo "Not running"
        exit 3
    fi
;;
stop)
    if [ -f $PID_FILE ]; then
        PID=`cat $PID_FILE`
        if [ -z "`ps axf | grep -w ${PID} | grep -v grep`" ]; then
            echo "Not running (process dead but pidfile exists)"
            exit 1
        else
            PID=`cat $PID_FILE`
            kill -HUP $PID
            echo "Stopped [$PID]"
            rm -f $PID_FILE
            exit 0
        fi
    else
        echo "Not running (pid not found)"
        exit 3
    fi
;;
restart)
    $0 stop
    $0 start
;;
*)
    echo "Usage: $0 {status|start|stop|restart}"
    exit 1
esac

```

Set file permissions:

```
chmod 755 /etc/init.d/connid-connector-server
```

Start the service:

```
/etc/init.d/connid-connector-server start
```

Set the service to autostart (using your distribution command; here Red Hat-based distributions "chkconfig" is used):

```
chkconfig connid-connector-server on
```



You may need to use different command and edit the script to use dependencies or service startup ordering.

Original instructions for OpenICF Connector Server: http://openicf.forgerock.org/connector-framework-internal/connector_server.html

Configuring SSL

The Connector Server is a SSL server. Therefore it needs a keypair (private key + certificate). Java connector server expects the keypair to be present in a keystore. It is using standard Java JCE keystore for this purpose. The keystore does not exist at the time of the initial installation. It needs to be created and populated with a keypair.

Creating and Populating a Keystore

The keypair is usually distributed in a PKCS#12 format (a file with `p12` or `pfx` extension). This format needs to be converted in Java JCE keystore. There is `keytool` utility that is part of Java platform that can be used for conversion:

Converting PKCS#12 key and certificate to java keystore

```
keytool -importkeystore -srckeystore mykeycert.p12 -srcstoretype pkcs12 -destkeystore keystore.jks -deststoretype JKS
```

The command above creates a `keystore.jks` file which is the actual Java JCE keystore. The `keytool` command will ask for two passwords:

- A password on the PKCS#12 files as these files are usually protected by password (because they contain a private key)
- A password for a newly created keystore. Make sure you remember this.

But there is a catch. The Java JCE keystore as a whole is protected by a password. But also each individual key is protected by a password. These passwords are usually the same and that is exactly what the connector server expects. However when the keystore is converted from PKCS#12 the keystore password is set to the supplied password but the key password remains the same as was the password on PKCS#12 file. If these passwords were not the same then the key password needs to be changed in one extra step:

Changing a key password

```
keytool -keystore keystore.jks -storepass changeit -keypasswd -alias mykey
```

See [Keystore Configuration](#) page for some more tips and tricks dealing with keystore. But please note that this page deals with **midPoint keystore** which is slightly different than **Connector server keystore**.

Passing Keystore Parameters to Connector Server

The connector server is a Java application that looks for a default keystore. The location, type and password of the default keystore needs to be passed to the connector server in a form of Java options:

```
java ... -Djavax.net.ssl.keyStore=keystore.jks -Djavax.net.ssl.keyStorePassword=changeit -Djavax.net.ssl.  
keyStoreType=JKS ...
```

Add these options to the script that is starting connector server.

Enabling Connector Server SSL

Change the `connectorserver.usessl` option to `true` in the `connectorserver.properties` configuration file.

You can start the server now. Please do not forget to [configure the midPoint side as well](#).

Troubleshooting

Error "Cannot recover key": Make sure that the key password in the keystore is the same as the keystore password.

See Also

- [Connector Server](#)